The Chemistry of Cleaning

ABN 80 004 726 890 | MADE IN AUSTRALIA

VIC 03 9480 3000 NSW 02 9743 6020 SA 08 8293 2020 QLD 07 3274 3438 WA 08 9249 4566

Safety Data Sheet

Issued: March 2021

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Section 1 - Identification of the Material and Supplier

Chemical nature: Aqueous solution of hydrogen peroxide. **Trade Name:** COFFEE STAIN REMOVER PART B

Product Code: COFB250, COFB500

Product Use: When mixed with Coffee Stain Remover Part A, makes a carpet stain remover for

coffee, tannin and wine stains.

Creation Date: March 2021

This version issued: This SDS shall remain valid for 5 years unless a new SDS is issued in the

meantime. Please contact Agar Cleaning Systems P/L to ensure you have the latest version of this product's SDS.

Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia

SUPPLIER DETAILS

Company: Agar Cleaning Systems Pty. Ltd.

12-14 Cope Street, Preston, Vic. 3072 AUSTRALIA

Telephone: 03 9480 3000 Facsimile: 03 9480 5100

Web: www.agar.com.au Agar SDS are available from this website.

Email: sales@agar.com.au

NEW ZEALAND DISTRIBUTOR DETAILS

Company: Proquip New Zealand.

84 Onehunga Mall, Onehunga, Auckland, NEW ZEALAND Address:

Telephone: 0800 37 66 85 Facsimile: (09) 320 4092

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as hazardous according to the criteria of SWA and New Zealand EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, NZS 5433:2012, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

SUSMP Classification: S6.

ADG Classification: Class 5.1: Oxidising Substances. Subsidiary Risk: Class 8: Corrosive Substances.

UN Number: 2014 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION 30%







GHS Signal word: DANGER

Oxidising Liquid – Category 2 Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4 Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) – Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1 Serious eye damage – Category 1

HAZARD STATEMENT:

H272: May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

PREVENTION

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and ignition sources. No smoking.

P220: Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

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P260: Do not breathe mists, vapours or spray.

P264: Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

RESPONSE

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304+P340:IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE phone Australia 131 126 or doctor/physician.

STORAGE

P405: Store locked up.

DISPOSAL

P501: If they can not be recycled, dispose of contents to an approved waste disposal plant and containers to landfill (see Section 13 of this SDS).

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Clear, colourless liquid.

Odour: No odour.

Major Health Hazards: Severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled.

	Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Ingredients		CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
Hydrogen peroxide	7	722-84-1	30	1.4	not set
Water	7	732-18-5	to 100	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

General Information:

You should call the Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists more than about 30 minutes, seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: Seek urgent medical attention. Flush contaminated area with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 60 minutes, by the clock. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. If necessary, keep emergency vehicle waiting (show paramedics this SDS and take their advice). Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts).

Eye Contact: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 60 minutes, by the clock, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Neutral saline solution may be used as soon as it is available. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. If necessary, keep emergency vehicle waiting (show paramedics this SDS and take their advice). Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto face. Call a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor urgently. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting; rinse mouth thoroughly with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. Give activated charcoal if instructed.

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Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed):

Inhalation: May include irritation of nose and throat and increased secretion of mucous in the nose and throat. **Skin Contact:** May include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. If untreated, capable of causing severe burns with ulceration, and can penetrate to deeper layers of skin resulting in third degree burns.

Eye Contact: May include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. If untreated, may cause severe pain, and corrosion of the eye and surrounding facial tissues.

Ingestion: May include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. If untreated, capable of causing severe burns with deep ulceration, and can penetrate to deeper layers of skin resulting in third degree burns.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is a moderate risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and appropriate precautions. The presence of this product in a fire is likely to intensify the fire due to its oxidising properties.

This product is likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating.

Extinguishing Media: Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Aim to dilute the material with large quantities of water. If practical, contain diluted material and prevent from entering drains and water courses.

Fire Fighting: If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is a danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

Flash point: Does not burn.

Upper Flammability Limit: Does not burn.

Lower Flammability Limit: Does not burn.

Autoignition temperature: Not applicable - does not burn.

Flammability Class: Does not burn.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Immediately call the Fire Brigade. Wear full protective chemically resistant clothing including eye/face protection, gauntlets and self-contained breathing apparatus. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, Nitrile, butyl rubber, polyethylene. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the clean-up area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8).

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Under no circumstances should sawdust or other combustible material be used. Because of the corrosiveness of this product, special personal care should be taken in any clean-up operation. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Contaminated area may be neutralised by washing with weak or dilute reducing agent. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace.

Storage: This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Check containers periodically for corrosion and leaks. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination, especially from combustible or reducing materials. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. If you keep more than 2500kg or L of Dangerous Goods of Packaging Group II, you may be required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations.

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Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits TWA (mg/m³) STEL (mg/m³)

Hydrogen peroxide 1.4 not set

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Ventilation: No special ventilation requirements are normally necessary for this product. However, make sure that the work environment remains clean and that vapours and mists are minimised.

Eye Protection: Your eyes must be completely protected from this product by splash resistant goggles with face shield. All surrounding skin areas must be covered. Emergency eye wash facilities must also be available in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection: Because of the dangerous nature of this product, make sure that all skin areas are completely covered by impermeable gloves, overalls, hair covering, apron and face shield. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, nitrile, butyl rubber, polyethylene.

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

Physical Description & colour: Clear, colourless liquid.

Odour: No odour.

Boiling Point: Approximately 105°C at 100kPa.

Freezing/Melting Point: Below 0°C. Volatiles: Not available.

Vapour Pressure: 2.37 kPa at 20°C (water vapour pressure).

Vapour Density: As for water.

Specific Gravity: 1.10

Water Solubility: Completely soluble in water. pH: 1.0 - 3.5 (as supplied)

Volatility:
Odour Threshold:
Evaporation Rate:
Coeff Oil/water Distribution:
Not available.
As for water.
Not available.

Autoignition temp: Not applicable - does not burn.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Under no circumstances should the container be sealed. Keep isolated from combustible materials. Protect this product from light.

Incompatibilities: Reducing agents, zinc, tin, aluminium and their alloys, combustible materials **Fire Decomposition:** Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating. Combustion forms oxygen.

Polymerisation: This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects:

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Skin corrosion/irritation	Corrosion.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	No known significant effects or hazards.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No known significant effects or hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or hazards.
Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)- single exposure	No known significant effects or hazards.
Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)- repeated exposure	No known significant effects or hazards.
Aspiration hazard	No known significant effects or hazards.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient: Health effects:

Hydrogen peroxide Skin corrosion and serious eye damage. Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation:

Short Term Exposure: Available data shows that this product is harmful, but symptoms are not available. This product is an inhalation irritant. Symptoms may include irritation of nose and throat and increased secretion of mucous in the nose and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but they should disappear after exposure has ceased if treatment is prompt.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Short Term Exposure: This product is very corrosive to the skin. Capable of causing severe burns with deep ulceration, and can penetrate to deeper layers of skin resulting in third degree burns. Corrosion will continue until product is removed or neutralised. Severity depends on concentration and duration of exposure. Burns may not be immediately painful; the onset of pain may be minutes to hours.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact:

Short Term Exposure: This product is very corrosive to eyes. It will quickly cause severe pain, and corrosion of the eye and surrounding facial tissues. Unless exposure is immediately treated, permanent blindness and facial scarring will occur.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

Short Term Exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data shows that this product is harmful, but symptoms are not available. However, this product is very corrosive to the gastrointestinal tract. Capable of causing severe burns with deep ulceration, and can penetrate to deeper layers of skin resulting in third degree burns. Corrosion will continue until product is removed or neutralised. Severity depends on concentration and duration of exposure.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA. **NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP. **IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

This product is harmful to aquatic life. This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term problems.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to separate the contamination in some way. Only if neither of these options is suitable, we suggest that you contact a specialist disposal company to arrange disposal, but we recommend that it be neutralised in a controlled manner before disposal.

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Section 14 - Transport Information

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, NZS 5433: 2012, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

UN Number: 2014, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION 30%

Hazchem Code: 2P

Special Provisions: None allocated.

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 1 L for this class of product.

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 5.1: Oxidising Substances.

Subsidiary Class: Class 8: Corrosive Substances.

Packing Group: II

Packaging Method: P504, IBC02

Class 5.1 Oxidising Agents shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 2.1 (Flammable Gases), 2.3 (Toxic Gases), 3 (Flammable Liquids), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides), 6 (Toxic Substances, where the Toxic Substance is a fire risk substance), 7 (Radioactive Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances), 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods, where the substance is a fire risk substance), Fire risk substances other than Dangerous Goods. They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 2.2 (Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gases), 6 (Toxic Substances except where the substances are fire risk substances), 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods except where the goods are fire risk substances), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Group Standard: Cleaning Products (Oxidising Liquids and Solids, Corrosive) Group Standard 2020.

HSNO Approval Number: HSR002591.

HSNO Classifications: 5.1.1B: Oxidising Substances that are liquids or solids: medium hazard.

6.1D (Oral): Substances that are acutely toxic – Harmful.6.1D (Inhalation): Substances that are acutely toxic – Harmful.

8.2B: Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue.

8.3A: Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue.

NZIoC: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are present in the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

HSW (HS) Regulations 2017 and EPA Notices	Trigger Quantity
Certified Handler	Not required
Location Compliance Certificate	> 250 L
Tracking	Not required
Signage	> 250 L
Emergency Response Plan	> 500 L

Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (May 2018) and is Copyright ©.

Abbreviations and Definitions of terms used:

<	less than
>	greater than
ADG CODE	Australian Code for the Transport of
	Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th
	edition)
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry
	Number)
COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand
deg C	Degrees Celsius

g	gram
g/L	grams per litre
Hazchem	Emergency action code of numbers and
Code	letters that provide information to emergency
	services especially firefighters
HSIS	Hazardous Substance Information System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
kg	kilogram
L	Litre
LC50	The concentration of a material (inhaled) that

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	will be lethal to 50% of the test animals.
LD50	The dose (swallowed all at once) which is
	lethal to 50% of a group of test animals.
m3	Cubic metre
mg	milligram
mg/m3	milligrams per cubic metre
miscible	A liquid that mixes homogeneously with
	another liquid
N/A	Not applicable
N/K	Not Known
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and
	Health
non-haz	Non- hazardous
NOS	Not otherwise specified

NTP	National Toxicology Program (USA)
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
ppb	Parts per billion
ppm	Parts per million
R-Phrase	Risk Phrase
STEL	Short term exposure limit
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of
	Medicines & Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and
	NOHSC
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted average
UN Number	United Nations (Number)
wt	weight

The information in this Data Sheet is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. As far as lawfully possible, Agar Cleaning Systems accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of reliance on the information and advice contained herein.

End of SDS.